

SUBCHAPTER E—REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO MILITARY JUSTICE

PART 150—COURTS OF CRIMINAL APPEALS RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

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APPENDIX A TO PART 150—FORMAT FOR DIRECTION FOR REVIEW IN A COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

APPENDIX B TO PART 150—FORMAT FOR ASSIGNMENT OF ERRORS AND BRIEF ON BEHALF OF ACCUSED (§150.15)

AUTHORITY: Article 66(f), Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. §866(f) (1994)).

SOURCE: 62 FR 2017, Jan. 15, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§ 150.1 Name and seal.

(a) The titles of the Courts of Criminal Appeals of the respective services are:

- (1) “United States Army Court of Criminal Appeals.”
- (2) “United States Navy-Marine Corps Court of Criminal Appeals.”
- (3) “United States Air Force Court of Criminal Appeals.”

(4) “United States Coast Guard Court of Criminal Appeals.”

(b) Each Court is authorized a seal in the discretion of the Judge Advocate General concerned. The design of such seal shall include the title of the Court.

§ 150.2 Jurisdiction.

(a) The jurisdiction of the Court is as follows:

(1) *Review under Article 66.* All cases of trial by court-martial in which the sentence as approved extends to:

- (i) Death; or
- (ii) Dismissal of a commissioned officer, cadet or midshipman, dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge, or confinement for 1 year or longer; and in which the accused has not waived or withdrawn appellate review.

(2) *Review upon direction of the Judge Advocate General under Article 69.* All cases of trial by court-martial in which there has been a finding of guilty and a sentence:

- (i) For which Article 66 does not otherwise provide appellate review, and
- (ii) Which the Judge Advocate General forwards to the Court for review pursuant to Article 69(d), and
- (iii) In which the accused has not waived or withdrawn appellate review.

(3) *Review under Article 62.* All cases of trial by court-martial in which a punitive discharge may be adjudged and a military judge presides, and in which the government appeals an order or ruling of the military judge that terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or specification or excludes evidence that is substantial proof of a fact material to the proceedings, or directs the disclosure of classified information, imposes sanctions for nondisclosure of classified information, or refuses to issue or enforce a protective order sought by the United States to prevent the disclosure of classified information.

(4) *Review under Article 73.* All petitions for a new trial in cases of trial by court-martial which are referred to the Court by the Judge Advocate General.

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(b) *Extraordinary writs.* The Court may, in its discretion, entertain petitions for extraordinary relief including, but not limited to, writs of mandamus, writs of prohibition, writs of habeas corpus, and writs of error coram nobis.

(c) *Effect of rules on jurisdiction.* Nothing in this part shall be construed to extend or limit the jurisdiction of the Courts of Criminal Appeals as established by law.

§ 150.3 Scope of review.

In cases referred to it for review pursuant to Article 66, the Court may act only with respect to the findings and sentence as approved by the convening authority. In reviewing a case or action under Article 69(d) or in determining an appeal under Article 62, the Court may act only with respect to matters of law. The Court may, in addition, review such other matters and take such other action as it determines to be proper under substantive law.e

§ 150.4 Quorum.

(a) *In panel.* When sitting in panel, a majority of the judges assigned to that panel constitutes a quorum for the purpose of hearing or determining any matter referred to the panel. The determination of any matter referred to the panel shall be according to the opinion of a majority of the judges participating in the decision. However, any judge present for duty may issue all necessary orders concerning any proceedings pending on panel and any judge present for duty, or a clerk of court or commissioner to whom the Court has delegated authority, may act on uncontested motions, provided such action does not finally dispose of a petition, appeal, or case before the Court.

(b) *En banc.* When sitting as a whole, a majority of the judges of the Court constitutes a quorum for the purpose of hearing and determining any matter before the Court. The determination of any matter before the Court shall be according to the opinion of a majority of the judge participating in the decision. In the absence of a quorum, any judge present for duty may issue all necessary orders concerning any proceedings pending in the Court preparatory to hearing or decision thereof.

§ 150.5 Place for filing papers.

When the filing of a notice of appearance, brief, or other paper in the office of a Judge Advocate General is required by this part, such papers shall be filed in the office of the Judge Advocate General of the appropriate armed force or in such other place as the Judge Advocate General or rule promulgated pursuant to §150.26 may designate. If transmitted by mail or other means, they are not filed until received in such office.

§ 150.6 Signing of papers.

All formal papers shall be signed and shall show, typewritten or printed, the signer's name, address, military grade (if any), and the capacity in which the paper is signed. Such signature constitutes a certification that the statements made therein are true and correct to the best of the knowledge, information, and belief of the persons signing the paper and that the paper is filed in good faith and not for purposes of unnecessary delay.

§ 150.7 Computation of time.

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by this part, by order of the Court, or by any applicable statute, the day of the act, event or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, or, when the act to be done is the filing of a paper in court, a day on which the office of the Clerk of the Court is closed due to weather or other conditions or by order of the Chief Judge, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday, nor a holiday.

§ 150.8 Qualification of counsel.

(a) *All counsel.* Counsel in any case before the Court shall be a member in good standing of the bar of a Federal Court, the highest court of a State or another recognized bar.

(b) *Military counsel.* Assigned appellate defense and appellate government counsel shall, in addition, be qualified in accordance with Articles 27(b)(1) and